

Community Data Update Knoxville Community Readmissions Coalition January 25<sup>th</sup>, 2018

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## Readmissions in 30 Days Quarterly

Community: Knoxville

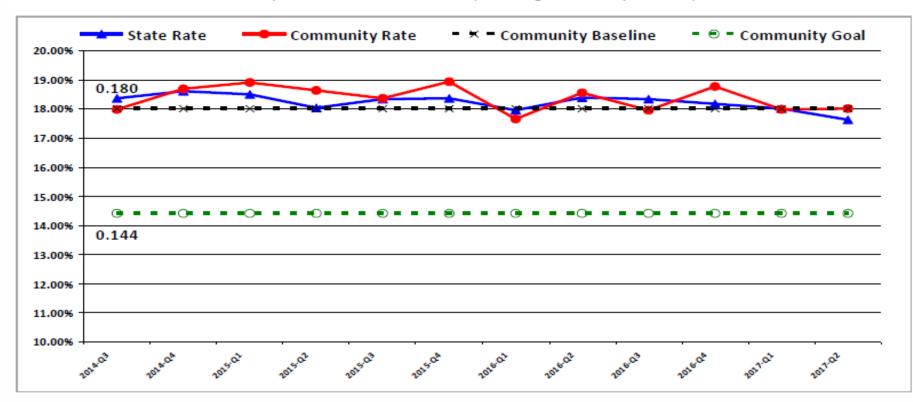
July 2014 - June 2017

Hospital Inpatient Claims Medicare Population



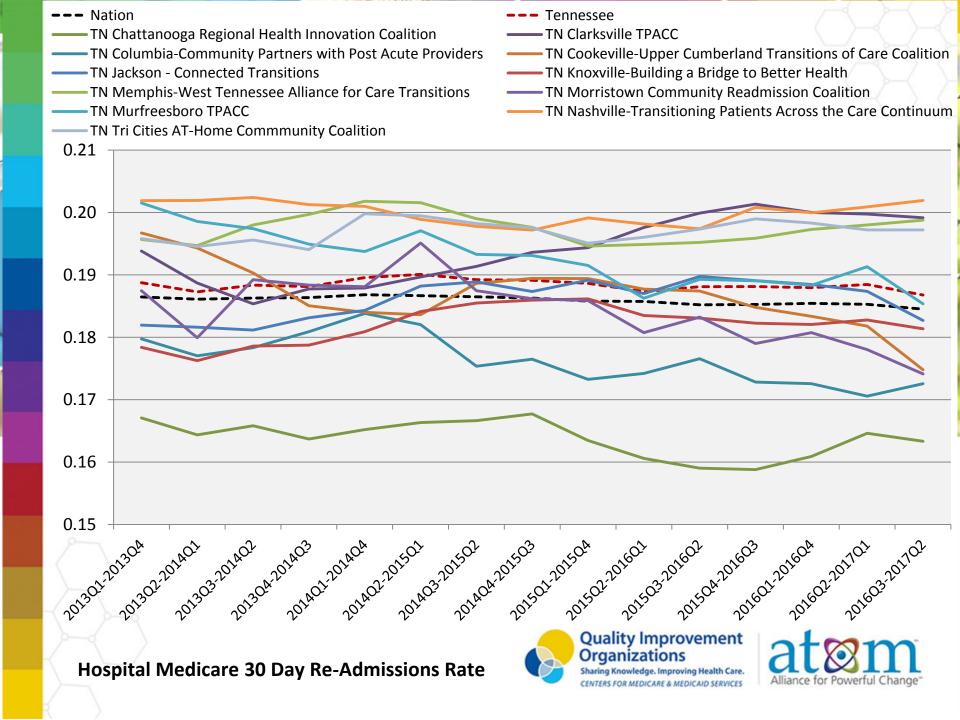


30 Day All Cause Readmission Rate (Goal Target Date: July 31, 2019)









#### 30 day Readmissions

2016Q3-2017Q2 Hospital Inpatient Claims Medicare Population







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Top 10: DRG\_CODE

#### DRG Code

	Community		State			%	
	Admits	30 Day ReAdmits	96	Admits	30 Day ReAdmits	96	Change
871: SEPTICEMIA OR SEVERE SEPSIS W/O MV 96+ 1 HOURS W MCC	1714	404	23.6%	12942	2672	20.6%	2.9%
291: HEART FAILURE & SHOCK W MCC 2	972	288	29.6%	7847	2071	26.4%	3.2%
190: CHRONIC OBSTRUCTIVE PULMONARY 3 DISEASE W MCC	1179	272	23.1%	6830	1458	21.3%	1.7%
885: PSYCHOSES 4	975	264	27.1%	9516	2453	25.8%	1.3%
189: PULMONARY EDEMA & RESPIRATORY FAILURE	577	159	27.6%	4213	1005	23.9%	3.7%
193: SIMPLE PNEUMONIA & PLEURISY W MCC	670	110	16.4%	3648	683	18.7%	-2.3%
682: RENAL FAILURE W MCC	419	100	23.9%	3250	775	23.8%	0.0%
470: MAJOR JOINT REPLACEMENT OR 8 REATTACHMENT OF LOWER EXTREMITY W/O MCC	2019	100	5.0%	12617	596	4.7%	0.2%
640: MISC DISORDERS OF 9 NUTRITION, METABOLISM, FLUIDS/ELECTROLYTES W MCC	299	98	32.8%	1745	497	28.5%	4.3%
292: HEART FAILURE & SHOCK W CC	381	98	25.7%	3215	764	23.8%	2.0%
l Claims	9205	1893	20.6%	65823	12974	19.7%	0.9%

### 3 day Readmissions

2016Q3-2017Q2 Hospital Inpatient Claims Medicare Population





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Top 10: DRG\_CODE

#### DRG Code

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	Community		State			96	
	Admits	3 Day ReAdmits	%	Admits	3 Day ReAdmits	96	Change
871: SEPTICEMIA OR SEVERE SEPSIS W/O MV 96+ 1 HOURS W MCC	1714	60	3.5%	12942	475	3.7%	-0.2%
190: CHRONIC OBSTRUCTIVE PULMONARY 2 DISEASE W MCC	1179	48	4.1%	6830	248	3.6%	0.4%
885: PSYCHOSES 3	975	41	4.2%	9516	432	4.5%	-0.3%
291: HEART FAILURE & SHOCK W MCC	972	36	3.7%	7847	281	3.6%	0.1%
470: MAJOR JOINT REPLACEMENT OR 5 REATTACHMENT OF LOWER EXTREMITY W/O MCC	2019	24	1.2%	12617	122	1.0%	0.2%
189: PULMONARY EDEMA & RESPIRATORY FAILURE	577	19	3.3%	4213	150	3.6%	-0.3%
193: SIMPLE PNEUMONIA & PLEURISY W MCC	670	12	1.8%	3648	107	2.9%	-1.1%
682: RENAL FAILURE W MCC 8	419	11	2.6%	3250	117	3.6%	-1.0%
640: MISC DISORDERS OF 9 NUTRITION, METABOLISM, FLUIDS/ELECTROLYTES W MCC	299	9	3.0%	1745	64	3.7%	-0.7%
292: HEART FAILURE & SHOCK W CC	381	5	1.3%	3215	110	3.4%	-2.1%
l Claims	9205	265	2.9%	65823	2106	3.2%	-0.3%

#### Discharge Disposition

Community: Knoxville

2016Q3-2017Q2

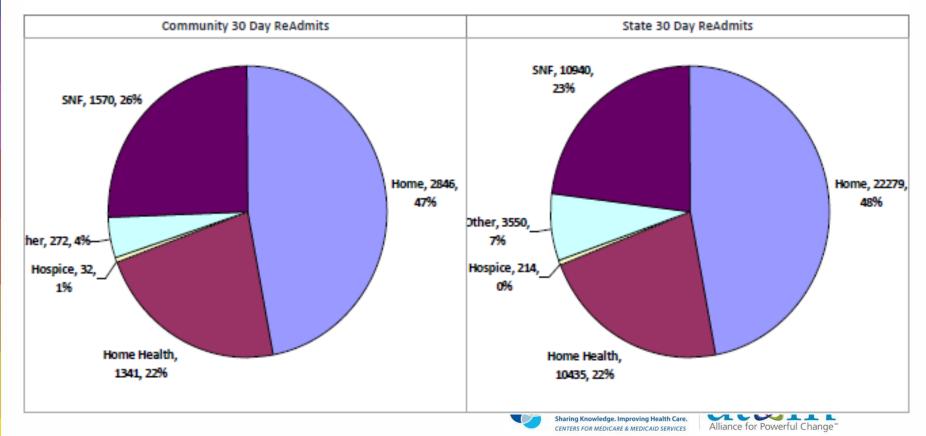
Hospital Inpatient Claims Medicare Population





HSE\_CLM\_STUS\_CD

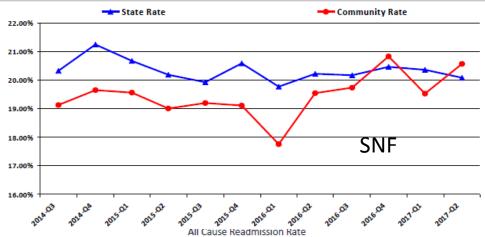
The code used to identify the status of the patient as of discharge



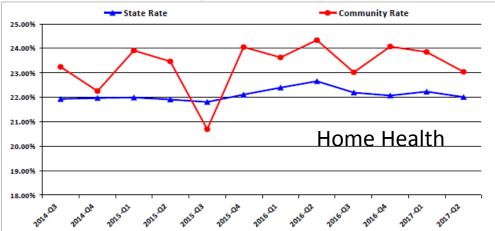
#### Discharge Disposition Trends

All Cause Readmission Rate

30 Day HSE\_CLM\_STUS\_CD - The code used to identify the status of the patient as of discharge: 03: Discharged/transferred to skilled nursing facility (SNF) with Medicare certification in anticipation of covered skilled care



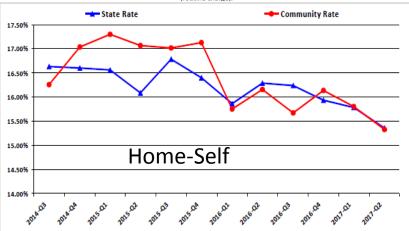
30 Day HSE\_CLM\_STUS\_CD - The code used to identify the status of the patient as of discharge: 06: Discharged/transferred to home care of organized home health service organization.



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#### All Cause Readmission Rate

30 Day HSE\_CLM\_STUS\_CD - The code used to identify the status of the patient as of discharge: 01: Discharged to home/self care (routine charge).







#### SNF Payment Adjustments Tied to Quality

- Skilled Nursing Facilities (VBP) Value Based Purchasing
  - Adjustments made based on performance: penalties/incentives
  - Public reporting of readmissions October 1<sup>st</sup> 2017 (FY 2018)
    - CMS will withhold 2% payment (give back 50-80% based on reporting)
  - Penalties or incentives applied October 1<sup>st</sup> 2018 (FY 2019) for performance scores from October 1<sup>st</sup> 2017. (Previous Year Data)



#### HHA Payment Adjustments Tied to Quality

- Mark Health Value-Based Purchasing Program (HHVBP)
  - Nine (9) state pilot with payment adjustments tied to performance
    - Tennessee included
    - Impacts Medicare-certified HHA (Home Health Agencies)
  - Incentive to provide higher quality and more efficient care

Performance Years	Calendar Year for Payment Adjustment	Maximum Payment Adjustment (up or down)			
2016	2018	3%			
2017	2019	5%			
2018	2020	6%			
2019	2021	7%			
2020	2022	8%			

- 6 process measures
- 8 outcome measures (Readmissions and ER visits)
- 5 HHCAHPS measures
- 3 New measures (Advanced Care Planning)

### C Diff (Clostridium difficile)

July 2014 - June 2017 Hospital Inpatient Claims Medicare Population

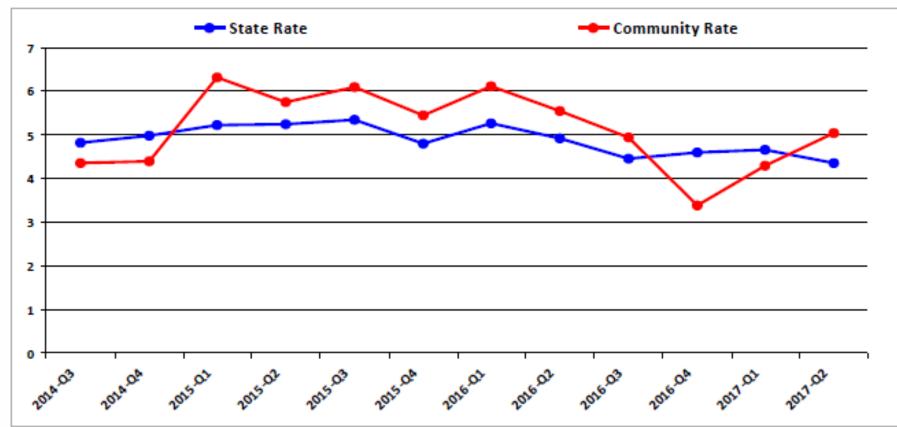




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Primary Diagnosis 008.45(ICD9) or A047(ICD10)

Intestinal infection due to Clostridium difficile (Rate Per 1,000 Admissions)







#### What is C Diff?

- C Diff contagious infections are caused by a bacteria carried in the intestine
- C Diff Infection often activated by antibiotics taken to treat other illness
- Often the hand picks up C Diff from a surface that has minute amounts of fecal waste. The bacteria can then find it's way into the mouth via touch, food etc
- Transmission does take place in hospitals and care facilities
  - The spores from an active illness enter the environment following diarrhea
- Many people arrive at the hospital as carriers of the infection





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## What can Health Care facilities do to prevent C Diff?

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- Support better testing practices, tracking, and reporting of infections and prevention efforts (hospitals, nursing homes, skilled nursing facilities, chronic care facilities, and assisted living and residential care facilities). NOTE\* NH CoP require Infection Prevention and Control in QAPI Plan 2018 and Infection Preventionist on staff by 2019.
- Ensure policies for rapid detection and isolation of patients with *C. difficile* are in place and followed.
- Assess hospital cleaning to be sure it is performed thoroughly, and augment this as needed using an Environmental Protection Agency-approved, spore-killing disinfectant in rooms where *C. difficile* patients are treated.
- Notify other healthcare facilities about infectious diseases when patients transfer, especially between hospitals and nursing homes.
- Participate in a regional C. difficile prevention effort.

https://www.cdc.gov/hai/organisms/cdiff/cdiff\_settings.html







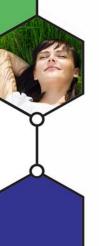
#### NH Areas for Improvement

- TN NH Collaborative (250 NHs) Top 3 Areas for Improvement or missed opportunities in 13 quality indicators as part of a composite score ( $\leq 6\%$  desired goal).
- Mighlighted in RED may impact sepsis.
  - Mark Incontinence
  - Antipsychotic Medications
  - ADL Decline (Activities of Daily Living)
    - Weight Loss
    - Seasonal Flu Vaccine
    - Pneumococcal Vaccine
    - **◯** UTI

    - Moderate to Severe Pain
    - **Solution** Falls with Injury
    - Depression
    - Indwelling Catheter
    - **22** Physical Restraints









#### **Opportunities**



- ☑ Discharge disposition (HHA, SNF, Home-Self, Hospice)
- Medication safety and errors (anticoagulants, diabetes meds, opioid)
- PCP post hospital discharge (follow up practices, TCM Transitional Care Management)

Post-Acute Care facility outreach and engagement

- Skilled Nursing Facilities (working on sepsis related contributors, readmits)
- Mome Health Agencies (Timely Initiation of Care within 48 hours)
- Pharmacy (med rec, prescribing patterns)









# Thank **YOU** for your contribution and commitment to the mission!

Presented January 25th, 2018



